

Scalar Multiplication

Multiply each entry in the matrix by the given **scalar**.

Example:

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 7 \\ 9 & 10 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$2A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \cdot 3 & 2 \cdot 7 \\ 2 \cdot 9 & 2 \cdot 10 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 14 \\ 18 & 20 \end{bmatrix}$$

How to add two matrices

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 8 \\ 4 & 6 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 0 \\ 1 & -9 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 8 \\ 5 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$$

These are the calculations:

$3+4=7$	$8+0=8$
$4+1=5$	$6-9=-3$

Matrix Subtraction

$$\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 2 & 0 \\ 4 & 1 & 10 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 & 4 \\ 0 & 8 & 16 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1-3 & 2-2 & 0-4 \\ 4-0 & 1-8 & 10-16 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} -4 & 0 & -4 \\ 4 & -7 & -6 \end{bmatrix}$$

final answer

$$\begin{bmatrix} -4 & 3 \\ 1 & 9 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

2 x 2
matrix

3 x 3
matrix

The addition is
undefined.

You can write as
your answer:

undefined

Matrix Multiplication

$$(m \times n) \cdot (n \times k) = (m \times k)$$

product is defined

Here is an example of the product of a 2×3 matrix and a 3×2 matrix, the result is a 2×2 matrix

The diagram illustrates the calculation of the product of a 2×3 matrix and a 3×2 matrix. The first matrix is $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$ and the second matrix is $\begin{bmatrix} 7 & 8 \\ 9 & 10 \\ 11 & 12 \end{bmatrix}$. The resulting 2×2 matrix is $\begin{bmatrix} 58 & 64 \\ 139 & 154 \end{bmatrix}$.

Step 1: $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ 9 \\ 11 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 58 \\ 139 \end{bmatrix}$ (Equation: $1 \times 7 + 2 \times 9 + 3 \times 11$)

Step 2: $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 8 \\ 10 \\ 12 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 64 \\ 154 \end{bmatrix}$ (Equation: $1 \times 8 + 2 \times 10 + 3 \times 12$)

Step 3: $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 8 \\ 9 & 10 \\ 11 & 12 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 58 & 64 \\ 139 & 154 \end{bmatrix}$ (Equation: $4 \times 7 + 5 \times 9 + 6 \times 11$)

Step 4: $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 8 \\ 9 & 10 \\ 11 & 12 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 58 & 64 \\ 139 & 154 \end{bmatrix}$ (Equation: $5 \times 8 + 5 \times 10 + 6 \times 12$)

Here is an example of the product of a 2x2 matrix with a 2x2 matrix, the result is a 2x2 matrix

Matrix Multiplication

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 4 \\ 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} * \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 \\ 3 & 7 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 + 12 & 15 + 28 \\ 2 + 3 & 10 + 7 \end{bmatrix}$$

Matrix 1 Matrix 2

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 15 & 43 \\ 5 & 17 \end{bmatrix}$$

Resultant
Matrix

If the "inner" numbers don't match, then the product is undefined.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 6 & 1 \\ 0 & 5 & 7 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -3 & -1 & 0 \\ -2 & 8 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \boxed{\text{undefined}}$$

3 x 3 2 x 3

do not
match

answer

Use the following matrices to answer all the problems in this section.

$A = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 4 \\ 3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$	$B = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 5 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$	$C = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 7 & 2 & 4 \\ 2 & 3 & -5 \end{bmatrix}$
$D = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 & 0 \\ 4 & -1 & 3 \\ 1 & -5 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$	$E = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 2 & 2 \\ 5 & -1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$	$F = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ 5 & 2 \\ 6 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$

Perform the indicated operation

- | | | | |
|--------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|
| 1) $3A$ | 2) $5B$ | 3) $-2F$ | 4) $-4E$ |
| 5) $A + B$ | 6) $C + D$ | 7) $2A + 3B$ | 8) $2C + 6D$ |
| 9) $3A - 2B$ | 10) $5C - 4D$ | 11) $A + C$ | 12) $B + D$ |
| 13) $D + E$ | 14) $E + F$ | 15) AB | 16) BA |
| 17) FA | 18) EF | 19) CD | 20) DC |
| 21) BC | 22) AD | 23) FE | 24) AF |